# PARA MEDICAL BOARD KARNATAKA BANGALORE

## SYLLABUS FOR THE FIRST YEAR

## OF

## **CERTIFICATE COURSE IN PARA MEDICAL SUBJECTS**

#### FOR

## **S S L C PASSES CANDIDATES**

PAPER	SUBJECTS	TEACHI	TEACHING HRS.		EXAMINATION	
		THEORY	PRACTICAL	Int. Ass.	<b>Board Exam</b>	Total
Ι	ENGLISH	60	-	5	45	50
П	PHYSICS	60	10	5	45	50
Ш	CHEMISTRY	50	10	5	45	50
IV BIOLOGY		50	10	5	45	50
	TOTAL			20	180	200

**NOTE** Duration of the Board's Examination is 1 1/2 hrs. each paper.

## ENGLISH 1104

#### Item No.1

Articles: There are two types of articles. They are:

(1) Definite article (2) Indefinite article.

1. Definite article - THE

It is not used before proper nouns. But it is used before famous rivers, mountains and epics.

Examples:

Rivers - the Ganges, the Amazon

Mountains - The Himalayas, The Vindya, The Alps

Epics - The Ramayana, The Mahabharata, The Allied, The Odessy,

The Quron.

2. Indefinite articles are 'a' and 'an'. They are used to denote the singularity of an object. 'A' is used before a consonant and 'An' is used before a vowel. Vowel sounds are a,e,i,o,u.

Examples:

a) Indefinite article 'A' - A ball, a village, a school, a cat, a dog, a yatch, a woman, a man etc

Consonants are Ka, Cha, ta, tha, Pa

b) 'An' - used before vowel sounds.

an aunt, an apple, an european, an egg, an ink bottle, an ox, an umbrella. Tense:

- i. Present Tense
- ii. Simple present or Present Indefinite:

Ex: I teach	He teaches	They teach
I swim	He swims	They swim

iii. Present continuous:

He is teaching

She is teaching

They are teaching

iv. Present Perfect:

He has taught.

She has taught

They have taught

II Present Perfect Continuous:

i. He has been teaching

ii . She has been teaching . iii. They

have been.teaching

#### 2. Past tense

i. Simple past He

taught

She taught They

taught

ii. Past continuous He was

teaching She was teaching

They were teaching

iii. Past Perfect tense:He had taughtShe had taught They hadtaught

#### II Past Perfect Continuous:

He had been teaching She had been teaching They had been teaching

#### 3. Future tense

i. Simple future

He will teach She will teach They will teach

ii. Future continuous

He will be teaching She will be teaching They will be teaching

#### iii. Future Perfect

He will have taught. She will have taught They will have taught

#### IV Future Perfect Continuous

He will have been teaching She will have been teaching They will have been teaching

4. Active Voice & Passive Voice.

No details

Simple sentences to be transformed from Active to Passive voice.

5. Direct & Indirect speeches:

Direct Speech: The teacher said to the students "I am not well".

Indirect Speech: The teacher told the students that he was not well.

Note:.

- i. In reported speech verb 'say' of Direct speech becomes 'tell' in Indirect speech.
- ii. becomes 'he'
- iii. Tense is changed to its corresponding past.
- b. Direct Speech: The teacher said to the student "Are you not keeping well?" Indirect Speech: The teacher enquired the student if he was not keeping well.
- c.Direct Speech: The teacher said to the student "Get out of the class". Indirect Speech: The teacher ordered the student to get out of the class,
- d.Direct Speech: Mary said to John, "Please lend me your book?" Indirect Speech: Mary requested John to lend her, his book.
- e. Mary said "What a surprise!"Mary exclaimed that it was a surprise.
- f. Direct Speech: The Police asked the stranger, "Where are you going?"Indirect Speech: The police enquired the stranger as to where he was going.
- g- Direct Speech: The Police said to the thief:"Where did you steal the scooter?"Indirect Speech: The Police interrogated the thief as to where he stole the

scooter from.

#### Item 6 Linkers:

1. In addition to	2. Besides	3. Moreover
4. However	5. Because	6. Either-Or, Neither-nor

1. Rama is very obedient

Rama is a loving husband

Rama, in addition to being obedient, is a loving husband also.

2. John is good in studies

John is good in sports

John besides being good in studies, is good in sports as well.

3. James is a successful business man.

James is hardworking.

James is a successful business man. Moreover, he is hardworking.

- 4. Mary did not study well.Mary passed the exam.Mary did not study well. However, she passed the exam.
- Suresh is honest.
   Suresh is respected.
   Because Suresh is honest, he is respected.
- 6. You study:
  - You go to sleep.

Either you study or go to sleep.

7. The doctor was present in the hospital.The nurse was present in the hospitalNeither the doctor nor the nurse was present in the hospital.

## Example of using Linkers in Paragraph

Taking photographs of birds is more difficult than wild animals. Because, the wild animals pose at least for a few minutes. But birds camera shy, and do not stay in one place for long. Moreover, any slight noise or movement is enough to distract the birds. Hence, a great deal of patience is required for a wild life photograph.

This passage also can be used as an example for paragraph writing.

Item No. 8 Paragraph writing:

A. A paragraph can be begun with a topic sentence.

Example: Elephant is a useful animal.

After this topic sentence, show how an elephant is useful to man.

B. Write uses of an elephant and finally end, with the topic sentence that' Elephant is a useful animal.

Item No. (8) Letter writing

1. Formal letter or Official letter: Format:

Bangalore

21.10.99

From T.K.Suresh 176, 36 'A' Cross, 18th Main Road, 4 - T Block, Jayanagar, Bangalore - 560 041 To The Principal The National College, Basavanagudi,

Bangalore - 560 004

Sub: Request for Transfer Certificate Sir,

I am a student of your college, studying in II B.Sc Computers. I have passed I B.Sc. with Reg. No. Due to unexpected circumstances, I am going to continue my studies in Karnataka Science College, Dharwar. Therefore, I request you to send my TC to the Principal, Karnataka Science College, Dharwar.

Thanking you, Yours faithfully, T.K.SURESH

#### **Application format**

Bangalore 21.10.03

From Gopinath C. 127, Shirur Park Road Sheshadripuram BANGALORE - 560 020 To The Head Master Gandhinagar High School Gandhinagar BANGALORE - 560 009

Dear Sir,

Yours' advertisement appeared in Deccan Herald Dt. 15.10.03

In response to the reference cited above, I am submitting my application for the post of typist in your school. I have passed the senior typewriting exams both in Kannada and in English after PUC. I have worked for a private finance company as a typist. I am enclosing the required documents.

Kindly consider my application favourably.

With regards,

Yours faithfully,

Signature

**Item No.9 Report Writing** 

Students must be told to pay attention to factual details. Passive sentences to be used while reporting (If it is a medical report - appropriate method should be followed).

Item 10 Telegrams

1. Learners must be instructed to write the address of the person in detail. Messages must be brief.

Sender's name should be brief, and short, if it going to charged.

2. Sender's' address must be given at the bottom of the

application.

3. E — Mail

#### Item No. 11 Essay writing

Essay in English on recent topics (Main Question 10 Marks)

#### Item No. 12 Spoken English

Provision for learning "Spoken English" should be provided to all students of Certificate Course by way of Lingophone with accessories to be provided in Library of the College.

## **PHYSICS 1101**

Theory- 60 hours

Practicals - 10 hours

year students of Para Medical Courses who have joined the course on X or S.S.L.C. basis.

#### UNIT-1 UNITS AND DIMENSIONS

1.1 Definition of Unit. C.G.S. and Si. units Definition of 1 Hour
 Dimension. Dimensions of certain Physical quantities
 (10 examples). Mention of uses of dimensions.

#### UNIT-2 DYNAMICS

2.1 Motion of a particle, definitions of Speed, Uniform speed and 3 Hours variable speed, velocity, Uniform and variable velocity, acceleration, Uniform and variable Equations of motion for a uniformly accelerated particle (no derivation). Acceleration due to gravity corresponding equations. Newton's law of gravitation. Artificial satellite, orbital and escape velocity, expressions (no derivation)

	Problems (direct substitution problems)	1 Hour
2.2	Newton's laws of motion. Mention of F=ma. Law of conservation of momentum (Statement and explanation)	1 Hour
	Problems (direct substitution problems)	1 Hour
2.3	Work, Power, Energy - definition,. Units, expressions for potential and kinetic energies (no derivation). Law of conservation of energy statement. Explanation with respect to a	3 Hrs.
TINIT	freely falling body (qualitative) S.H.M.definition examples. Problems	1 Hour

## UNIT-3 STATICS

3.1 Scalars and vectors. Concurrent co-planar forces. Resultant Law of Parallelogram of forces. Expression for resultant (no derivation) special cases, Law of triangle of forces Lami's Theorem. Components of a force. Resolution - rectangular components.

Problems

UNIT-	4	
4.1	Surface tension, phenomenon, Definition, Unit Viscosity -	1 Hour
	Definition and Unit	
UNIT-	5 HEAT	
5.1	Heat and Temperature. Units - mention of different types of thermometers	1 Hour
5.2	Expansion of solids, Liquids and gases. Gas laws - Boyle's and Charle's law. Statement - explanation. Mention of perfect gas equation and problems.	2 Hours
5.3	Thermal radiation - properties and uses	1 Hour
UNIT	C- 6 GEOMETRICAL OPTICS	
6.1 Hour	Introduction to light. Optical medium. Rectilinear propagation	1
	of light - Illustration	
6.2 Hours	Laws of reflection. Plane mirror. Image formation. Spherical	2
	mirrors. Definitions of pole centre of curvature, focal length -	
	aperture, radius of curvature. Mention of mirror formula,	
	magnification and formula for magnification (no derivation).	
Houn	Simple Problems	1
6.3 Hour	Refraction - Laws, refractive index (relative and absolute).	1
	Critical angle and total internal reflection.	
6.4 Hours	Refraction through a <i>lens</i> Image formation in a lens. Mention of	2
	Lens formula, magnification and formula for magnification	
Hour	Problems	1
6.5 Hour	Dispersion - Definition, refraction through a	1
	prism - Spectrum - pure and impure spectrum.	
6.6. Hours	Simple microscope, compound microscope Telescope	5

(Astronomical and Galilean) . Description without ray diagram.Formula for magnifying power (no derivation). Spectrometer.Description (without diagram). Simple problems

#### UNIT-7 WAVES AND SOUND

- 7.1 Wave, wave motion, longitudinal and transverse waves, 2 Hours characteristics of wave motion mention of V f 1 t. Propagation of waves from one medium to another medium.
  Problems.
- 7.2 Sound Introduction Properties Newton Laplace equation 2 Hours (no derivation) variation of velocity of sound w.r.t. pressure, temperature and humidity (qualitative) Problems 1 Hour
  7.3 Ultrasonics, Infrasonics and Audible 1 Hour
  - frequency, Ultrasonics properties and uses

#### UNIT-8 ELECTROSTATICS

8.1 Friction, charge - types of charges. Electroscope and 2 Hours Electrometer, (without description). Coulomb's Law (Statement and equation). Electric field, Electric intensity and potential units and expressions. Important applications of static electricity Simple problems 1 Hour
8.2 Capacitance, Definition, Unit, Capacitor. Mention of different 1 Flour types of capacitors, uses.

#### UNIT- 9 CURRENT ELECTRICITY

9.1 Introduction, Definition of current unit, potential difference, 4 Hours

Ohm's law, Statement, Explanation, Resistance, Conductance units -Limitations of ohm's law. variation of resistance with respect to dimensions and temperature. Specific resistance (resisti- vity) and temperature co-efficient of resistance. Combination of resistances in series and in parallel. Effective resistance in series and parallel - expressions (without derivation), branch currents in parallel circuit (expressions only).

E.m.f. of a cell, internal resistance, terminal P.D. (expression to be mentioned). Ohm's law applied ,to a circuit. Problems

9.2

9.3

9.4

**UNIT-10** 

10.1

10.2

10.3

reactor and its uses.

and its uses.

Brief description of ammeter and voltmeter and mode of 1 Hour connection in an electrical circuit. Electromagnetic induction - phenomenon Laws - Statement and 1 Hour mention of applications. 2 Hours D.C. and A.C. generation of A.C. (principle only), peak value r.m.s.value of current and voltage and expression. Definition of impedance. Brief description of transformer. MODERN PHYSICS 3 Hours Introduction - Cathode Rays properties, uses Photoelectric effect and its applications. X-rays - production and uses. Radioactivity - properties of Nuclear radiations, Radio isotopes 3 Hours and their uses. Nuclear fission. Nuclear fusion. Nuclear Semi conductors, p-type, n-type p-n junction diode, Transistor 1 Hour

NOTE: Only S.I. units should be given for all physical quantitites.

PRACTICAL WORK [DEMONSTRATION]	10 Hours
1. Measurement with slide Callipers and Screw Gauge.	
2. Focal length of a concave mirror.	
3. Focal length and refractive index of the material of a convex lens.	
4. Refractive index of the material of the prism using a spectrometer.	
5. Resonance column experiment - To find Vt & Vo	
6. Verification of ohm's law and calculation of resistance.	
7. Verification of law of resistances in series and parallel.	
8. Determination of specific resistance of the material of a wire using	
Wheatstone's bridge or Metre-bridge.	
Note:	
1. Use of logarithm should be explained in calculation.	
2. Elements of trignometry should be taught.	10 Hours
5 Marks from internal examinations	

#### 1 Hour

# **CHEMISTRY 1102**

Theory - 50 hours

#### Practicals - 10 hours

1.	Hydrogen peroxide - preparation, Properties and uses.	1 Hour
2.	Sulphuric acid - manufacture by contact process - properties and	2 Hours
	uses.	
3.	Nitric acid - manufacture by ostwald's process - properties and	2 Hours
	uses.	
4.	Halogens:-	3 Hours
	Fluorine - preparation, properties and uses Chlorine - preparation, p	roperties and
	uses Bromine - preparation, properties and uses Iodine - preparation, p	roperties and
	uses	
5.	Structure of an Atom, Atomic weight, Molecular weight.	3 Hours
	Equivalent weight of an element - definition, me-hods of dete	rmination -
	to determine the equivalent weight of Magnesium by	Hydrogen
	displacement method - To determine the equivalent weight of coppe	r by oxide -
	method.	
	To determine the equivalent weight of lead by. chloride method	
	- Problems	
6.	Acids, bases and salts, indicators Equivalent weight of an - acid,	3 Hours
	base, oxidising and reducing agent.	
	Normality, Molarity, Molality	
-	Volumetric analysis - problems	2 11.0000
7.	Hydrocarbons - saturated and unsaturated - Alkanes - methane,	3 Hours
	ethane - preparation, properties and uses. Alkene - ethylene, -	
	preparation, properties and uses. Alkyne - acetylene -	
8.	Colloids - differences between colloids and crystalloids -	3 Hours
	classification of colloids - methods of preparation of sols -	
	dialysis Tyndal effect and Brownian movement - applications of	
	colloids in medicine, food, - cottrell's electrical precipitator.	
9.	Electro-Chemistry: Arhenius theory of electrolytic dissociation	6 Hours
	- merits and demerits.	
	Acids and bases - Lowry and Brousted concept	
	Hydrogen ion concentration - pH, paH of a solution. pH	

values of Biological fluids. Buffer solutions - Definition - Different types of buffer solutions. To determine the pH of a solution using buffer solution (Indicator method). Henderson's equation Importance of buffer solutions in medicine Radioactivity - natural radio activity - properties of alpha, beta and gamma particles. - Half life period - Isotopes - applications of  $Co6^{\circ}$ ,  $p^{32,1131}$ , Na24

Sodium hydroxide - method of manufacture (Nelson cell) - 3 Hours
 properties and uses.
 Sodium carbonate - method of manufacture - properties and
 uses.

- 12 a. Ethyl alcohol manufacture from molasses properties and uses.Benzyl alcohol - preparation - properties and uses.
  - b. Phenol manufacture from Coal tar properties and uses.
  - c. Aldehydes Formaldehyde, acefaldehyde, benfaldehyde preparation, properties and uses.
  - d. Ketones acetone preparat I on, properties and uses.
  - e. Acids Formic, Acetic, Benjoic and Salicylic acids.
  - f. Esters ethyl acetate preparation, properties and uses.
  - g. Diethyl ether preparation, properties and uses. Amines 10 HoursClassification.

#### 13 Carbohydrates:-

10

Classification, open and ring structures of glucose, fructose.

Ring structure of Maltose, sucrose and lactose.

Partial representation of structure of cellulose, starch, glycogen.

Carbohydrates as a source of energy.

3 Hours

- Proteins Amino acids Formulae of amino acids such as glycine, alanine, serine, cystene, aspartic acid, lysine, tyrosine.
   Peptide linkage Functional properties of proteins such as enzymes, antibodies, transport agents, biochemical messengers Harmones oxytocin) 3 Hours
- 15Nucleic acids -DNA and RNA purine and pyrimidine bases -2 HoursBiological importance of Nucleic acids.2

### PRACTICALS

10 Hours

#### TITRATIONS

- Preparation of Sodium Carbonate using standard hydrochloric acid.
- 2. Estimation of Sodium hydroxide using standard Hydrochloric acid.
- 3. Estimation of Oxalic Acid using standard Potassium Permanganate.
- 4. Estimation of Iodine using standard Sodium thro Sulphate
- 5. Tests for Carbohydrates and Proteins

## BIOLOGY 1103

Theory - 50 hours

Bone

Practicals - 10 hours

	2.11
I A. Study of cell-Ultra structure of cell membranes cell organelles	2 Hours
endoplasmic retieulam, mitochondria golgibodies, ribosomes,	
lysosomes, centrosomes & nucleus.	
cell division - mitosis and meosis	
B. Ultrastructure of a typical chromosome.	
Branches of Biology - cell Biology	
Physiology, Anatomy, Histology,	
Biochemistry - fundamentals.	
<ul><li>II Viruses - General structure of a virus.</li><li>A. Diseases caused by viruses-encephalitis, Polio, Mumps, Measles, Small pox, Aids.</li></ul>	1 '/2 Hours
B. Bacteria- General structure of a Bacteria, Types of Bacteria	I 1/2 Hours
based on shape Bacterial disease-diptheria, cholera, gonorrhea,	
syphilis, plague, pneumonia, tetanus, typhoid,	
tuberculosis.	
<ul><li>III Enzymes - Nature classification &amp; mechanism of its action.</li><li>A.</li></ul>	
B. Nucleic acids - Occurrences, structures of functions of DNA and RNA.	1 1/2 Hours
IV Genetics - (1) Sex determination in human	1 1/2 Hours
(2) Human blood groups & Rh factors genetic	11,2110015
engineering	
V Bio technology -	3 Hours
1) Basics of gene-cloning	
2) Basics of genetic finger printing	
3) Biological molecules-carbohydrates, proteins, lipids.	
VI Human Histology - Structure & functions of Basic tissue	
1. Epithelium	11/2 Hours
2. connective tissues-Areolar tissue, Adipose, Cartilage,	2 Hours

3. Muscular.	1 Hour
4. Blood & lymph.	1 Hour
5. Nervous tissue.	1 Hour
6. Transverse of small intestine, Liver & Pancreas.	2 Hours
VII Human Anatomy & Physiology.	
1. Digestive system- Digestion of proteins,	3 Hours
Lipids & Carbohydrate.	
2. Circulatory system- Structure of Heart, Artery & Vein.	1 Hour
Mechanism of Working of Heart, Blood pressure.	
3. Respiratory system + Mechanism of breathing	1 Y2 Hours
Brief account of cellular respiration	
Glycolysis & Kreb' s cycle	1 Hour
a) Excretory system + Ultrastructure of nephron.	11/2 Hours
b) Urine formation.	
c) Important nitrogenous wastes-Urea, uric acid, NH3,	
cratine & creatinine	1 Hour
5. Nervous system: Main divisions	
a) Central Nervous system.	
b) Peripheral Nervous system.	
c) Autonomic Nervous system.	11/2 Hours
Main parts of the Brain & their functions	11/2 Hours
VIII Reproductive system & Embryology	
1) Male & Female Reproductive systems	2 Hours
2) Structures of sperm & graafian follicle	1 Hour
3) Brief account of fertilization	1 Hour
4) Cleavage & early development upto blastocyst stage	1 Hour
5) Germ layers & their derivative	1 Hour
6) Implantation.	1 Hour
7) Placenta- Structure & function	1 Hour

IX Endocrinology - Hormones of the following endocrine glands & their functions. Effects of their Hypo & Hyper secretion.

- 1) Pituitary
- 2) Thyroid
- 3) Adrenal
- X Cancer Biology

Cancer characteristics and causes, Listing of types of cancer and preventive measures.

	Biology Practicals	<b>10</b> Hours
	Microscopic study of typical cell, virus bacterium	1 Hour
II	Study of Basic tissues	4 Hours
HI	T.S. of Liver & Pancreas	1 Hour
IV	Study of Sperm & Graafian Follicle	1 Hour
V	Physiology	3 Hours
	1) Test for protein-Biuret test	
	2) Test for Carbohydrate - Iodine test	
	3) Test for fats - Acroteic test	

4) Test for urine sugar - Benedicts test.

## PATTERN OF THE QUESTION PAPER FOR FINAL EXAMINATION (COMMON FOR ENGLISH, PHYSICS, CHEMISTRY & BIOLOGY)

#### **Duration :** $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

#### Maximum Marks: 45

Part A:10 questions of 1 mark each Part B:<br/>5 questions of 5 marks each PartC:5 questions of 2 marks each